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Determination of Dividends and Their Implications for Share Prices in Property and Real Estate Companies in 2016-2020

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Abstract

After conducting a simple study of 41 property and real estate companies listed on the Indonesia Stock Exchange in Indonesia for five years (2016-020), the results of the description of the analysis of the effect of company size on financial performance and inflation on stock prices by dividend policy as an intervening variable, the data processing application used is SPSS.25 Based on research it is known that: (1) The variable company size and finacial performance partially has no positive and significant effect on dividend policy (2) The inflation variable partially has a positive and significant effect on dividend policy (3) The variable company size and financial performance partially has no positive and significant effect on stock prices (4) The inflation variable partially has a positive and significant effect on stock prices (5) The dividend policy variable partially has no positive and insignificant effect on stock prices (6) The dividend policy variable is unable to mediate the relationship between company size and share prices (7) The dividend policy variable is able to mediate the relationship between financial performance and share prices (8) The dividend policy variable is unable to mediate the relationship between inflation and share prices.

Keywords: Company Size, Financial Performance, Inflation, Stock Prices and Dividend Policy.

1. Introduction

continuously observed by investors. Apart from that, the needs in the form of houses or other property. stock price is an indicator that is widely used by Public demand for residential homes has caused the and new information obtained by investors.

share prices. Apart from that, information circulating on 2018).

the stock exchange/capital market, such as the financial In general, investors assess an investment based on its condition/performance of a company, will influence the share price. Investors need to consider the suitability of share price offered to the public and various other issues the company to buy its shares, so that the profits obtained that can directly affect the company's profitability in the can be maximized. The stock price is defined as the future. Like share price fluctuations experienced by closing price of each type of stock on the stock market property companies. A Property and Real Estate during the observation period whose movements are Company is a company that provides various consumer

investors to determine changes in trends in the capital volume of property sales to increase. This can cause market. "Share prices are a form of all information property companies to be in great demand, both by available to the public and are based on expected cash people who need housing/a place to live, as well as flows in the current year and in the years to come. Stock investors who want to invest in shares. In general, price fluctuations occur at a certain time related to the company value is described by the development of the company's prospects experiencing changes in conditions company's share price in the capital market. The higher the share price of a company, the higher the value of the Share price is the value or price of a share that occurs on company. Share price fluctuations can be caused by the stock exchange at a certain time. "Share prices are various factors such as economics, politics, security, etc. determined by market players, demand and supply of the We can find this phenomenon of fluctuating share prices shares concerned in the capital market." Measuring share in Property and Real Estate companies. To illustrate the prices uses the closing price (Putranto & Darmawan, phenomenon of fluctuating share prices in property and 2018). Fluctuations in share prices in the capital market real estate companies, the author presents it in the form can be influenced by the level of demand and supply for of tables and graphs, namely as follows (Fahlevi et al.,

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According to (Mangkunegara, 2017) A large company size will have a good influence on the company's level of quality and performance. This can convince investors to invest their capital. The company's share price will also increase due to the large demand for the company's shares.

A company's financial performance is a financial condition that is influenced by the management decision-making process. Financial performance is a complex matter because it involves the effectiveness of capital utilization and the efficiency of company activities. On the other hand, shareholders make business investments with the main aim of achieving increased welfare. Thus, measuring the company's financial performance must be able to provide indicators of changes in the level of welfare of shareholders as a result of investment over a certain period of time (Kristiani & Werastuti, 2020)

Inflation is a continuous increase in the prices of products and services or can be interpreted as a decline in the overall value of money and can affect economic growth. High inflation is a negative signal for issuers because raw material prices have increased and the higher the price increase, the lower the value of money. If raw materials increase, production costs will also increase, followed by an increase in product prices. If product prices increase, it will cause the level of sales within the company to decrease, followed by a decrease in company profits

Share prices are prices that are formed from the interaction of share sellers and buyers based on their hopes for company profits. Therefore, investors must know information about the formation of share prices in order to make decisions about buying or selling shares. Share prices also reflect the value of a company, because if the company achieves good performance, the company's shares will be in great demand by investors. Dividend policy is determining the appropriate profit between dividend payments and additional retained earnings of the company. Companies make dividend policy decisions based on how much of the company's quarterly profits should be retained or distributed as dividends to owners, because this can affect the amount of additional funding the company must obtain. Investors want companies to retain the company's net profits for business expansion. There are groups of shareholders who want capital gains due to tax considerations.

To produce a stock price model, several approaches are taken, studying the theoretical framework, identifying stock price factors, company size, financial performance and inflation, developing and formulating hypotheses.

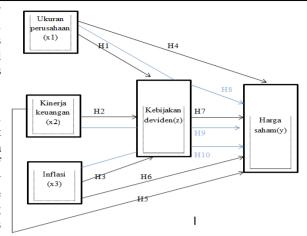


Figure 1. Conceptual Framework

Large companies' access to the capital market tends to be easier, enabling companies to maintain their dividend payout ratio (Profitability, Size, et al., 2019). Research conducted by (Akbar Firlana & Fahmi Irhan, 2020) found a positive influence of company size on dividend policy.

 H_1 : company size has a significant effect on dividend policy.

According to (Rasyid, 2018) Dividend policy is a decision made by the company, especially to determine the amount of profit distributed in the form of dividends. Dividend policy involves two interested and conflicting parties, namely the interests of shareholders with their dividends and the interests of the company with its retained earnings. Research conducted by (Rivandi & Indriati, 2022) found a positive influence of financial performance on dividend policy.

 H_2 : financial performance has a significant effect on dividend policy.

Inflation is an increase in the price of goods that is general in nature and occurs continuously or is a monetary event that shows a tendency for the price of goods to rise in general, which means a decrease in the value of money. (Pramitha, 2017) results of research conducted by (Laksono et al., 2019) where inflation influences dividend policy.

 H_3 : inflation has a significant positive effect on dividend policy

Company size is the size of the company, a large, well-established company will have easy access to the capital market. This convenience is quite significant for its flexibility and ability to obtain larger funds, so that companies are able to have a higher risk of paying dividends than small companies. So the bigger the company size, the bigger the dividends distributed. (Wijaya, 2017)

*H*₄: company size has a significant effect on share prices

The influence of Debt to Equity Ratio on share prices. Debt to Equity Ratio (DER) shows that one of the ratios company's ability to pay off its debts. Debt can be financial performance on stock prices. compared with assets or own capital. The relationship between the interest arising from debt and the profit According to (Nurtyas & Yudiantoro, 2023) Inflation is stock prices.

effect on stock prices.

Inflation is a tendency to increase the price of goods and services in general continuously. It can be seen from the H_{10} : dividend policy is able to mediate the effect of increase in prices of goods and services that occurred in inflation on stock prices. the country. Increasing inflation causes goods and services to become more expensive so that more money 2. Method must be spent to buy these goods and services. This has an impact on decreasing the amount of money that can In this research, the population is 49 property and real be saved or invested, including in the form of shares estate companies listed on the Indonesia Stock Exchange (Riwoe & Setiawan, 2015)

 H_6 : inflation has a significant effect on stock prices

Dividends are an investor's right to obtain company profits. Dividends can be given after the GMS. Dividend Descriptive statistics are statistics that function to policy is one of the company's decisions regarding describe or describe the object being studied through company financing. Dividend policy concerns a sample or population data as it is, without carrying out company's policy regarding the distribution of company analysis and making conclusions that apply to the profits, whether profits are shared with investors in the general public. Descriptive statistics provide a form of dividends or company retained funds which are description of the phenomenon or characteristics of the used for reinvestment.

determined based on the company's total assets used to determine the influence of independent variables according to the company's last financial report. For in influencing dependent variables jointly or partially. companies that have large total assets, it shows that the The multiple linear regression equation in this research company has reached the maturity stage. So the cash is: The multiple regression equation used in this research flow is positive because there is not much need for funds is: for investment and it is considered to have good prospects in the relatively long term. This condition will Model 1 benefit shareholders in terms of dividend distribution

H8: company size is able to mediate the effect of dividend Model 2 policy on share prices.

a company is one that is carried out, namely by analyzing Y: Share Price financial reports. Based on previous research conducted a: Constant by (Marwanto, 2009) the results of the research show β1: Regression coefficient for variable X1 that financial performance does not affect share prices β2: Regression coefficient for variable X2 while total asset turnover is able to influence stock β3: Regression coefficient for variable X3 returns, for the intervening variable, namely dividend β4: Regression coefficient of variable Z policy, is unable to mediate the influence of financial x1: Company Size performance on stock prices.

contained in the solvency ratio is the ratio to measure the H9: dividend policy is able to mediate the influence of

generated can also be seen. The results of this research a situation that occurs when the price of goods rises are supported by research (Khasanah & Suwarti, 2022) comprehensively and sustainably. In investing, inflation which found that DER has a significant influence on has quite a big impact on investors. In this regard, if there is a cancellation of investment, it is because inflation has increased much greater than the return on investment. H₅: financial performance has a significant positive based on previous research conducted by (V.A.R.Barao et al., 2022) the research results show that inflation affects stock prices

(BEI) in 2016-2020. The sampling was carried out using purposive sampling, namely taking sample criteria according to the research to be conducted. A total of 41 companies were selected as research samples.

data. The use of the classical assumption test aims to determine and test the feasibility of the regression model H₇: dividend policy has a significant effect on stock used in this research. Another aim is to ensure that the regression model used has data that is normally distributed, free from autocorrelation, multicollinearity According to (Wijaya, 2017) company size can be and heteroscedasticity. Multiple regression analysis is

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Y = a + \beta 1x1 + \beta 2x2 + \beta 3x3 + e
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Model 2

$$Y = a + \beta 1x1 + \beta 2x2 + \beta 3x3 + \beta 4x4 + e$$

According to (putri, 2019) the financial performance of Information:

x2: Financial Performance

x3: inflation

Z : Dividend Policy e : Error Term

3. Result and Discussion Result

Regression analysis is used to see the influence of independent variables: company size (X1), financial performance (X2) and inflation (X3) simultaneously on the intervening variable: dividend policy (Z) with the assumption that other independent variables are considered constant

Tabel 1 Regression Analysis Test for Model 1

Coefficients ^a							
		Unstandardized Coefficients		Standardized Coefficients			
Model		В	Std. Error	Beta	T	Sig.	
1	(Constant)	-57.667	556.402		104	.918	
	Company_Size	-1.059	.000	008	118	.906	
	Financal_Performance	137	.342	029	399	.690	
	Inflation	.034	.047	.052	2.723	.047	
a. Dependent Variable: Dividend Policy							

Source: Secondary Data (processed) SPSS 25

Tabel 2 Regression Analysis Test for Model 1

Coefficients ^a							
		Unstandardized Coefficients		Standardized Coefficients			
Model		В	Std. Error	Beta	T	Sig.	
1	(Constant)	218.145	275.169		.793	.429	
	Company_Size	1.996	.000	.003	.045	.964	
	Financal_Performance	104	.169	044	616	.539	
	Inflation	.031	.024	.096	13.398	.018	
	Dividend Policy	005	.035	010	141	.888	
a. Dependent Variable: Stock Price							

Source: Secondary Data (processed) SPSS 25

Table 3
Coefficient Determination Test for Model 1

Model Summary						
Model	R	R Square	Adjusted R Square	Std. Error of the Estimate		
1	.687ª	.585	.558	1755.23709		
a. Predictors: (Constant), Inflation, Company Size, Financial Performance						

Source: Secondary Data (processed) SPSS 25

Table 4
Coefficient Determination Test for Model 2

Model Summary						
Model	R	R Square	Adjusted R Square	Std. Error of the Estimate		
1	.711 ^a	.698	.652	1755.23709		
a. Predictors: (Constant). Inflation. Company Size. Financial Performance. Dividend policy						

Source: Secondary Data (processed) SPSS 25

Discussion

The influence of company size on dividend policy

Based on table 4.16, the research results show that company size has a t value of -0.118 with a significance of 0.918 > 0.05. Because the significance value is large

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company size variable does not have a positive and company's share price. If the company size is large, significant effect on dividend policy in property and real investors will choose and buy shares in that company estate companies listed on the Indonesia Stock Exchange and conversely, if the company size is small, investors in 2016-2020. Thus H0 is accepted and H1 is rejected. will not want to invest capital in the company and the The results of this research are in line with research share price will decrease. (Mnune & Purbawangsa, 2019) which found that company size does not have a significant effect on Influence of financial performance on share prices dividend policy. It can be said that size is a factor that Based on the research results, it shows that financial does not influence the company's ability to determine performance has a t-value of 0.616 with a significance dividend policy. The larger the size of a company, the of 0.539 > 0.05. Because the significance value is large lower the dividends distributed. The larger the size of the from the 5% significance level, it shows that the company, the greater the global shock that is felt and financial performance variable does not have a positive causes the burden borne by the company to become and significant effect on share prices in property and real heavier so that the company will reduce the proportion estate companies listed on the Indonesia Stock Exchange of dividends distributed to shareholders.

policy

Based on the research results, it shows that financial stock prices. performance has a t-value of -0.399 with a significance of 0.906 > 0.05. Because the significance value is large **Effect of Inflation on Stock Prices** from the 5% significance level, it shows that the Based on the research results, it shows that inflation has financial performance variable does not have a positive a t value of 0.13398 with a significance of 0.018 < 0.05. and significant effect on dividend policy in property and Because the significance value is small from the 5% real estate companies listed on the Indonesia Stock significance level, it shows that the inflation variable has Exchange in 2016-2020. Thus H0 is accepted and H2 is a positive and significant effect on share prices in rejected. The results of this research are in line with property and real estate companies listed on the research (Saputra et al., 2022) which also found that Indonesia Stock Exchange in 2016-2020. Thus H0 is financial performance had no effect on dividend policy. rejected. H6 is accepted.

Effect of inflation on Dividend Policy

Based on the research results, it shows that inflation has inflation had a positive effect on stock prices. a t value of 0.2723 with a significance of 0.047 < 0.05. Because the significance value is small from the 5% Effect of dividend policy on share prices rejected and H3 is accepted. The results of this research dividend policy variable does not have a positive and policy. Inflation occurs because the prices of basic goods in 2016-2020. Thus H0 is accepted and H7 is rejected size and size of the company's dividend percentage.

The influence of company size on share prices

has a t value of 0.045 with a significance value of 0.964 with the Irrelevance Theory by Modigliani-Miler which listed on the Indonesia Stock Exchange in 2016-2020. above, the author can draw the conclusion that cash effect on share prices. It can be interpreted in this prices are more influenced by external factors such as

from the 5% significance level, it shows that the research that company size greatly influences the

in 2016-2020. Thus H0 is accepted and H5 is rejected. The results of this research are in line with research Influence of financial performance on dividend conducted by (Mustagim, 2021) which also found that financial performance did not have a positive effect on

The results of this research are in line with research conducted by (Lintang et al., 2019) which also found that

significance level, it shows that the inflation variable has Based on the research results, it shows that the dividend a positive and significant effect on share prices in policy has a t-value of -0.141 with a significance of property and real estate companies listed on the 0.888 > 0.05. Because the significance value is large Indonesia Stock Exchange in 2016-2020. Thus H0 is from the 5% significance level, it shows that the are in line with research (Harahap & Kristanti, 2021) significant effect on share prices in property and real which also found that inflation has an effect on dividend estate companies listed on the Indonesia Stock Exchange increase and the purchasing power of products The results of this research are in line with research decreases, but overall high and low inflation affects the (Mendrofa & Maharani, 2022) which found that dividend policy had no effect on stock prices. This means that the cash dividend policy is not the only factor that influences a company's share price, but there are Based on the research results, it shows that company size other factors that influence it. This research is in line > 0.05. Because the significance value is large from the considers that dividend policy does not have any impact 5% significance level, it shows that the company size on the company, both share prices and capital costs. So variable does not have a positive and significant effect investors think that dividends are not the only on share prices in property and real estate companies benchmark for stock increases. So based on the theory Thus H0 is accepted and H4 is rejected. The research dividend policy is not the only factor that influences results are in line with (Khairunisa & Nazir, 2022) who share prices, because dividend policy does not have any also found that company size does not have a significant impact on the company, especially on share prices. Share factors that influence share price movements.

through dividend policy.

policy of 0.00008 or 0.003 + 0.00008 = 0.00308.

(Haryanto et al., 2018) that dividend policy cannot be mediate the effect of inflation on share prices. mediated by the relationship between company size and share prices.

prices through dividend policy

share prices. The results of this research also prove that between inflation and stock prices. Dividend Policy mediates the influence of CR, DER (financial performance) on share prices.

macroeconomic conditions, inflation levels or other The Effect of Inflation on stock prices through dividend policy

Based on the results of the analysis, the value of the The influence of company size on share prices indirect effect of inflation on stock prices through dividend policy was obtained. If inflation directly affects Based on the results of the analysis, the value of the stock prices, the estimated coefficient value obtained is indirect effect of company size on share prices through 0.096. Meanwhile, if it is through indirect influence or dividend policy was obtained. If company size directly the influence of inflation on stock prices through influences share prices, the estimated coefficient value dividend policy, the additional estimated coefficient obtained is 0.003. Meanwhile, if it is through indirect value obtained is -0.00052. Thus the total effect of this influence or the influence of company size on share hypothesis is 0.09548, namely a direct influence of 0.096 prices through dividend policy, the additional estimated plus indirect influence through policy. dividend of coefficient value obtained is 0.00008. Thus, the total 0.00052 or 0.096 + (-0.00052) = 0.09548. So it can be effect of this hypothesis is 0.00308, namely a direct concluded that the direct influence value is greater than effect of 0.003 plus an indirect effect through dividend the indirect influence or 0.096 > -0.00052. This means that the direct relationship is greater than the indirect So it can be concluded that the direct influence value is relationship, which means that dividend policy is unable greater than the indirect influence or 0.003 > 0.00008, to mediate the relationship between inflation and stock meaning the direct relationship is greater than the prices. Thus H0 is accepted and H10 is rejected. The indirect relationship, which means dividend policy is results of this research are in line with research (Putri, unable to mediate the relationship between company size 2019) which found that Dividend Policy cannot mediate and share prices. Thus H0 is accepted and H8 is rejected. the effect of inflation on Stock Prices. The results of this The results of this research are in line with research research also prove that Dividend Policy does not

Conclusions

After conducting simple research on 41 property and real The influence of financial performance on share estate companies listed on the Indonesia Stock Exchange in Indonesia for five years (2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, Based on the results of the analysis, the value of the 2020), the results of the description of the analysis of the indirect effect of financial performance on share prices influence of company size, financial performance and through dividend policy was obtained. If financial inflation on share prices are as follows: Dividend policy performance directly influences share prices, the as an intervening variable can be concluded as follows: estimated coefficient value obtained is -0.004. The variable company size does not partially have a Meanwhile, if it is through indirect influence or the positive and significant effect on dividend policy. The influence of financial performance on share prices financial performance variable does not partially have a through dividend policy, the additional estimated positive and significant effect on dividend policy. The coefficient value obtained is 0.00029. Thus the total inflation variable partially has a positive and significant effect of this hypothesis is -0.00371, namely the direct effect on dividend policy p. The variable company size influence is -0.004 plus the indirect influence through a does not partially have a positive and significant effect dividend policy of 0.00029 or (-0.004) + 0.00029 = - on share prices. The financial performance variable does 0.00371. So it can be concluded that the direct influence not partially have a positive and significant effect on value is smaller than the indirect influence or -0.004 < stock prices. The inflation variable partially has a 0.00029. This means that the direct relationship is positive and significant effect on stock prices. The smaller than the indirect relationship, which means that dividend policy variable partially has no positive and dividend policy is able to mediate the relationship insignificant effect on stock prices. The dividend policy between financial performance and share prices. Thus variable is not able to mediate the relationship between H0 is rejected and H9 is accepted. The results of this company size and share prices. The dividend policy research are in line with research (Haryanto et al., 2018) variable is able to mediate the relationship between which found that Dividend Policy can mediate the financial performance and share prices. The dividend influence of CR, DER, ROA (financial performance) on policy variable is unable to mediate the relationship

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